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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/742,047	12/20/2000	Steve Okun	11271STUS01U	9953
7590 07/11/2006			EXAMINER	
Garlick & Harrison			MILLER, BRANDON J	
P.O. Box 670007 Dallas, TX 75367			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Dullus, 171 75			2617	
			DATE MAILED: 07/11/2006	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/742,047	OKUN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Brandon J. Miller	2617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a conductive will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONITUDE, cause the application to become Africa.	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24	April 2006.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nis action is non-final.					
closed in accordance with the practice under	r <i>Ex parte Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.D). 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-32</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) 25-32 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		·				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	l/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.	•				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 December 2000</u> is		objected to by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		· ·				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in A	pplication No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	iority documents have been	received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bure	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not	received.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 25 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cannon in view of Crockett and Forlenza.

Regarding claim 25 Cannon teaches a mobile station comprising: communication circuitry for processing wireless communication signals (see col. 2, lines 11-19). Cannon teaches audio processing circuitry for converting between sound and audio signal and for receiving sound from a microphone and for producing sound to a speaker (see col. 3, lines 11-19 and col. 4, lines 32-36 & 64-67). Cannon teaches logic to prompt the mobile station to generate signaling to a communication network element to complete call setup including completing connection of a voice channel and further to mute the microphone even though an incoming call is connected (see col. 2, lines 21-29 & 51-65). Cannon teaches logic circuitry for prompting the mobile station to transmit a request to play a specified message to the calling party to advise the calling party that it is being placed on hold and that the called party will be taking the call shortly (see col. 2, lines 33-40). Cannon teaches wherein the mobile station only transmits the request if the called party depressed a select button or key while being alerted that a call was coming in for the called party (see col. 2, lines 30-40). Cannon does not specifically mention prompting a

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called party to take the call after a specified period of time as a reminder that a calling party is on hold and transmitting a request to a mobile switching center to further prompt an interactive voice response system to play a message. Crocket teaches prompting a called party to take the call after a specified period of time as a reminder that a calling party is on hold (see col. 6, lines 30-34 & 47-52). Forlenza teaches an interactive voice response system that plays a message (see col. 1, lines 45-51). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the device adapt to include prompting a called party to take the call after a specified period of time as a reminder that a calling party is on hold and transmitting a request to a mobile switching center to further prompt an interactive voice response system to play a message because a reminder can be generated while the voice channel is connected and an interactive voice response system can provide messages to a calling party, allowing for improved indication of call connection status.

Regarding claim 27 Cannon teaches a select button that is a keypad number button (see col. 2, lines 29-31).

Claims 28-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cannon in view of Crockett.

Regarding claim 28 Cannon teaches a mobile station comprising: communication circuitry for processing wireless communication signals (see col. 2, lines 11-19). Cannon teaches audio processing circuitry for converting between sound and audio signal and for receiving sound from a microphone and for producing sound to a speaker (see col. 3, lines 11-19 and col. 4, lines 32-36 & 64-67). Cannon teaches logic circuitry for prompting the mobile station to complete call connection including the voice channel and further to mute the

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microphone until the called party takes the call to prevent audio transmission over the connection call until the called party takes the call (see col. 2, lines 21-29 & 51-65). Cannon teaches transmitting a message to the calling party to advise the calling party that the called party will be taking the call shortly (see col. 2, lines 33-40). Cannon does not specifically mention prompting a called party to take the call after a specified period of time has elapsed as a reminder that a calling party is on hold. Crockett teaches completing connection of a voice channel (see col. 4, lines 15-19 and col. 5, lines 55-58). Crocket teaches prompting a called party to take the call after a specified period of time has elapsed as a reminder that a calling party is on hold (see col. 6, lines 30-34 & 47-52). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the device adapt to include prompting a called party to take the call after a specified period of time has elapsed as a reminder that a calling party is on hold because a reminder can be generated while the voice channel is connected and this would allow for improved indication of call connection status.

Regarding claim 29 Cannon teaches a mobile station wherein the message is only transmitted if the called party depressed a select button or key while being alerted that a call was coming in for the called party (see col. 4, lines 3-14).

Regarding claim 30 Cannon teaches a microphone that is muted until the called party depresses a select key indicating that he is ready to take the call (see col.2, lines 51-65).

Regarding claim 31 Cannon teaches a speaker that is muted until the called party depresses a select key indicating that he is ready to take the call (see col.2, lines 51-65).

Claim 32 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chow in view of Forlenza.

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Regarding claim 32 Chow teaches a method for connecting a call placed by a calling party to a called party having a multi-line capable phone (see col. 7, lines 21-26 and col. 72, lines 11-24). Chow teaches receiving an indication that a call is to be setup with the called party and determining a service node for the called party and transmitting call setup signals to the serving node (see col. 22, lines 11-13 & 49-67 and col. 23, lines 1-3). Chow teaches receiving an indication of the called party number (see col. 5, lines 29-33). Chow teaches connecting a first call to the called party (see col. 7, lines 21-26). Chow teaches receiving an indication from the called party to place the calling party on hold (see col. 73, lines 54-59 and col. 74, lines 35-40). Chow teaches responding to a called party response by triggering the play of a select message to the calling party to advise the calling party that the called party will be taking the call shortly (see col. 34, lines 50-61). Chow teaches when a specified period of time has elapsed, proving on behalf of the calling party a reminder to the called party that a call is still waiting (see col. 38, lines 5-9). Chow does not specifically teach an interactive voice response (IVR) to play a specified message. Forlenza teaches using an IVR for specified messages in call holding features (see col. 1, lines 45-51). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the device adapt to include an interactive voice response (IVR) to play a specified message because an interactive voice response system can provide messages to a calling party and this would allow for improved methods of transmitting a signal indicating a call has been placed on hold.

Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cannon in view of Crockett, Forlenza, and Chow.

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Regarding claim 26 Cannon, Crockett, and Forlenza teach a device as recited in claim 25 except for prompting the mobile station to transmit an indication that the called party is ready to take the call. Cannon does teach a user of a mobile station that decides to take a call on hold by terminating the hold-state (see col. 3, lines 65-67). Chow teaches prompting the mobile station to transmit an indication that the called party is ready to take the call (see col. 42, lines 53-56). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the device adapt to include prompting the mobile station to transmit an indication that the called party is ready to take the call because this would allow for efficient and effective processing of call waiting features.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 32 recites the limitation "the second call" in line 12 of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 04/24/2006 in regards to claim 25-32 has been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding independent claim 25 the combination of Cannon in view of Crockett and Forlenza teach a device as claimed. Regarding claim 28 the combination of Cannon in view of Crockett teach a device as claimed. The change in preamble does not render the claims obvious over the prior art because it is noted that a mobile station can be used as a calling terminal or a called terminal.

Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

Applicant's arguments do not comply with 37 CFR 1.111(c) because they do not clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. Further, they do not show how the amendments avoid such references or objections.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Gutzmann U.S Patent No. 6,118,861 discloses a calling party invoked held call monitoring.

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Nakamura U.S Patent No. 6,553,221 discloses incoming call notification apparatus.

Nguyen U.S. Patent No. 5,995,848 discloses a system and method of completing calls to busy mobile subscribers in a radio telecommunications network.

Ahlberg U.S. Patent No. 5,657,372 discloses systems and methods for selectively accepting telephone calls without establishing voice communications.

Burg U.S Patent No. 6,219,413 B1 discloses an apparatus and method for called-party telephone messaging while interconnected to a data network.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brandon J. Miller whose telephone number is 571-272-7869. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8:00 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, George Eng can be reached on 571-272-7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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June 28, 2006

GEORGE ENG

WOODY PATENT EXAMINER